

SAFETY DATA SHEET

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

Preparation Date: 01/01/2019

Revision Date: N/A

Revision Number: N/A

1. IDENTIFICATION

Product identifier	
Product code:	C1120
Product Name:	ACETONITRILE, REAGENT, ACS
Other means of identification	
Synonyms: CAS #: RTECS # CI#:	Cyanomethane Cyanure de methyl (French) acétonitrile (French) Ethanenitrile Ethyl nitrile Methane, cyano- Methanecarbonitrile Methyl Cyanide acetonitrilo (Spanish) 75-05-8 AL7700000 Not available
Recommended use of the chem	ical and restrictions on use
Recommended use:	Solvent. Chemical intermediate. In organic synthesis.
Uses advised against	No information available
Supplier:	Dawn Scientific Inc 121 Liberty Street, Metuchen, NJ, 08840 Tel : 732-902-6300 Fax : 973-802-1005 sales@dawnscientific.com www.dawnscientific.com
Emergency telephone number	Chemtrec 1-800-424-9300

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification

This chemical is considered hazardous by the 2012 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Considered a dangerous substance or mixture according to the Globally Harmonized System (GHS)

Acute toxicity - Oral	Category 4
Acute toxicity - Dermal	Category 4
Acute toxicity - Inhalation (Gases)	Category 4
Acute toxicity - Inhalation (Vapors)	Category 4
Acute toxicity - Inhalation (Dusts/Mists)	Category 4
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 2A
Flammable liquids	Category 2

Label elements

Danger

Hazard statements

Harmful if swallowed Harmful in contact with skin Harmful if inhaled Causes serious eye irritation Highly flammable liquid and vapor



<u>Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC)</u> Not Applicable

Other hazards

Causes mild skin irritation

Precautionary Statements - Prevention

Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. — No smoking Keep container tightly closed Ground container and receiving equipment Use explosion-proof equipment Use only non-sparking tools Take precautionary measures against static discharge

Precautionary Statements - Response

In case of fire: Use CO2, dry chemical, or foam to extinguish. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention. Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell Wash contaminated clothing before reuse IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water

IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell.

IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell Rinse mouth

Precautionary Statements - Storage

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool

Precautionary Statements - Disposal

Dispose of contents and container to an approved waste disposal plant in accordance with local, regional, national and international regulations as applicable

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Component		CAS No	Weight-%	
Acetonitrile		75-05-8	100	
	4. FI	RST AID MEASURES		
First aid measures				
General Advice:	National Capital Poison Center in the United States can provide assistance if you have a poison emergency and need to talk to a poison specialist. Call 1-800-222-1222. Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved and take precautions to protect themselves. First aider needs to protect himself.			
Skin Contact:	Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water removing all contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.			
Eye Contact:	Flush eyes with	water for 15 minutes. Get r	nedical attention.	
Inhalation:	Move to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Get medical attention.			
Ingestion:	Do not induce vomiting without medical advice. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Obtain medical attention.			
Most important symptoms and	effects, both acute a	and delayed		
Symptoms	Drowsiness Dizziness Headache Ataxia Convulsions Weakness Nausea Vomiting	iration s eye irritation rritation		
Indication of any immediate me	edical attention and s	special treatment needed		
Notes to Physician:	containing ace hours of observ Clinical deterior the antidote trea Antidote: Alway	tonitrile should be admitted vation for the development o ration has been reported as atment. ys have a cyanide antidote l	tion exposure to acetonitrile or products to an intensive care unit for at least 24 to 48 f cyanide poisoning. Toxicity may be prolonged. long as 3 days following the initial response to tit on hand when working with Acetonitrile or vice on how to use it and when it should be	
Protection of first-aiders First-Aid Providers: Avoid exposi contaminated clothing and equip			r necessary protective clothing. Dispose of	

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing Media Suitable Extinguishing Media:

Carbon dioxide (CO2). Dry chemical. Alcohol-resistant

foam. Water spray.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media:

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Hazardous combustion products

Specific hazards

Do not use a solid (straight) water stream as it may scatter and spread fire.

Carbon Monoxide, Carbon Dioxide. Nitrogen oxides (NOx). Hydrogen cyanide.

Flammable. May be ignited by heat, sparks or flames. Container explosion may occur under fire conditions or when heated. Vapor may travel considerable distance to source of ignition and flash back. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Most vapors are heavier than air. They will spread along the ground and collect in low or confined areas (sewers, basements, tanks). Fire may produce irritating, corrosive and/or toxic gases.

Special Protective Actions for Firefighters

Specific Methods:

Special Protective Equipment for Firefighters:

No information available

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal Precautions:Ensure adequate ventilation. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Avoid
contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Use personal protective equipment. Remove all
sources of ignition. Pay attention to flashback. Take precautionary measures against static
discharges. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Use
spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. In case of large spill, water spray or vapor
suppressing foam may be used to reduce vapors, but may not prevent ignition in closed
spaces.Environmental precautionsPrevent product from entering drains. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to
do so. Prevent entry into waterways, sewers, basements or confined areas.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for containmentStop leak if you can do it without risk. Absorb spill with inert material (e.g.
vermiculite, dry sand or earth). In case of large spill, dike if needed. Dike far
ahead of liquid spill for later disposal.Methods for cleaning upUse appropriate tools to put the spilled material in a suitable chemical waste
disposal container. Use only non-sparking tools. Clean contaminated surface
thoroughly.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling

Technical Measures/Precautions:

Provide sufficient air exchange and/or exhaust in work rooms. Remove all sources of ignition. To avoid ignition of

vapors by static electricity discharge, all metal parts of the equipment must be grounded. Keep away from incompatible materials.

Safe Handling Advice:

Wear personal protective equipment. Use only in well-ventilated areas. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Do not breathe vapors or spray mist. Do not ingest. When using do not smoke. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Technical Measures/Storage Conditions:

Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place. Store at room temperature in the original container. Protect from moisture. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store away from incompatible materials.

Incompatible Materials:

Oxidizing agents Chlorine Fluorine Bromine Acids Sulfuric acid Chlorosulfonic acid Nitric acid Perchloric acid Oleum Nitrogen-Fluorine compounds Dinitrogen tetraoxide

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control parameters

National occupational exposure limits

United States

Component	CAS No	OSHA	NIOSH	ACGIH	AIHA WEEL
Acetonitrile	75-05-8	40 ppm TWA 70 mg/m³ TWA	20 ppm TWA 34 mg/m ³ TWA	20 ppm TWA	None

Canada

Component	CAS No	Canada - Alberta	Canada - British Columbia	Canada - Ontario	Canada - Quebec
Acetonitrile	75-05-8	20 ppm TWA 34 mg/m³ TWA	20 ppm TWA	None	40 ppm TWAEV 67 mg/m ³ TWAEV 60 ppm STEV 101 mg/m ³ STEV

Australia and Mexico

Component	CAS No	Australia	Mexico
Acetonitrile	75-05-8	60 ppm STEL	40 ppm TWA
		101 mg/m ³ STEL	70 mg/m ³ TWA
		40 ppm TWA	60 ppm STEL
		67 mg/m ³ TWA	105 mg/m ³ STEL

Appropriate engineering controls

Engineering measures to reduce exposure:

Ensure adequate ventilation. Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the airborne concentrations of vapors and mist below their respective threshold limit value.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Personal Protective Equipment

Eye protection:	Goggles
Skin and body protection:	Chemical resistant apron Long sleeved clothing Gloves
Respiratory protection:	Vapor respirator. Be sure to use an approved/certified respirator or equivalent.
Hygiene measures:	Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical state: Liquid

Odor: Aromatic, Sweet, Ethereal,

Molecular/Formula weight (g/mole): Flammability (solid, gas) no data available 41.05

Flashpoint (°C/°F): 12.778 °C/55 °F 5.56 °C/42 °F Lower Explosion Limit (%): 3%

Decomposition temperature(°C/°F): Boiling point/range(°C/°F): 81.6 °C/178.9 °F No information available

Density (g/cm3): No information available

Vapor pressure @ 20°C (kPa): 9.73

VOC content (g/L): 780-790

Viscosity: No information available Appearance: No information available.

Taste Burning. Sweetish.

Flash Point Tested according to: Closed cup Open cup Upper Explosion Limit (%): 16%

Specific gravity: 0.78-0.79

Evaporation rate: No information available

Odor threshold (ppm): 40

Miscibility: Miscible with Methanol Miscible with Ethanol Miscible with Ether Miscible with Acetone Miscible with Benzene Miscible with Carbon tetrachloride Miscible with Ethyl Acetate

Color: Clear. Colorless.

Formula CH3CN

Flash point (°C): 5.56

Autoignition Temperature (°C/°F): 524 °C/975 °F

Melting point/range(°C/°F): -45 to -46 °C/-49 to -50.8 °F

Bulk density: No information available

pН No information available

Vapor density: 1.42

Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water): -0.34

Solubility: Freely soluble in water Soluble in hot alcohol Dissolves somewhat in inorganic salts such as silver nitrate, lithium nitrate, magnesium bromide

Miscible with Chloroform Miscible with Ethylene chloride Miscible with many unsaturated hydrocarbons Immiscible with many saturated hydrocarbons Equal weight of acetonitrile and the following materials are miscible at room temp: formic acid, acetic acid, levulinic acid, methanol, cellosolve solvent, formaldehyde, acetaldehyde, di-n-butyl amine, acetic anhydride, pyridine, nitrobenzene, aniline, xylene, phenol, acetyl chloride, dibutyl phthalate, diglycol stearate, n-butyl ether, dichloroethyl ether, methyl isobutyl ketone, nitromethane, nitroethane, nitropropane Miscible with Methanol Miscible with Methyl acetate

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity

Will react with water, steam, or acids to produce toxic and flammable vapors Reactive with oxidizing agents Reactive with acids Reacts with NItrogen-Fluorine compounds Reacts with Dinitrogen tetraoxide

Reacts with Diffit ogen tetraoxi

Chemical stability			
Stability:	Stable under recommended storage conditions.		
Possibility of Hazardous Reactions	: Hazardous polymerization does not occur		
Conditions to avoid:	Heat. Ignition sources. Incompatible materials. Exposure to moisture. Exposure to water.		
Incompatible Materials:	Oxidizing agents Chlorine Fluorine Bromine Acids Sulfuric acid Chlorosulfonic acid Nitric acid Perchloric acid Oleum Nitrogen-Fluorine compounds Dinitrogen tetraoxide		
Hazardous decomposition products:	Carbon monoxide. Carbon dioxide. Hydrogen cyanide (hydrocyanic acid). Nitrogen oxides (NOx). When heated to decomposition it emits highly toxic fumes.		
<u>Other Information</u> Corrosivity:	No information available		

Special Remarks on Corrosivity: No information available

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of exposure

Principal Routes of Exposure: Ingestion. Skin. Eyes. Inhalation.

Acute Toxicity

Component Information

Acetonitrile		
CAS No	75-05-8	
mg/kg (European Chemical Bu LD50/oral/mouse = 269 mg/k LD50/dermal/rabbit = > 2000 IUCLID dataset); 980 mg/kg (F LD50/dermal/rat = 390 mg/kg LC50/inhalation/rat = 7551 p LC50/inhalation/mouse = 26	kg (RTECS)) mg/kg Dermal LD50 Rabbit(LOLI); 1250 mg/kg (European Chemical Bureau RTECS) g Dermal LD50 Rat ppm Inhalation LC50 Rat 8 h; 26.8 mg/L Inhalation LC50 4 h ig 3 ppm 1H ig 5655 ppm 4 H Inhalation LC50 (Guinea Pig)	
Product Information		
LD50/oral/rat = Value - Acute Toxicity = 1327 r	ng/kg	
LD50/oral/mouse = Value - Acute Tox = 269 mg/kg		
LD50/dermal/rabbit Value - Acute Toxicity = 1250 r	ng/kg	
LD50/dermal/rat VALUE - Acute Tox = No inform	ation available	
LC50/inhalation/rat VALUE-Vapor = 26.8 mg/l (4-hr) VALUE-Gas = 16000 ppm (4-hr) VALUE-Dust/Mist = No informat		
LC50/Inhalation/mouse VALUE-Vapor = No information available VALUE - Gas = 2693 ppm 1H VALUE - Dust/Mist = No information available		
Symptoms_		
Skin Contact:	Mildly to moderately irritating to the skin. Harmful in contact with skin. It may be absorbed through the skin. If absorbed through skin it may cause systemic effects. It may be absorbed through the skin and cause symptoms similar to cyanide poisoning. It may be metabolized to cyanide which inhibits cytochrome oxidase	

	thus impairing cellular respiration.		
Eye Contact:	Causes serious eye irritation.		
Inhalation	May cause irritation of respiratory tract. It may cause pulmonary edema. May cause bronchitis. May cause pneumonia. May cause gastric distress. May cause nausea, vomiting. May cause salivation. It may be metabolized to cyanide which inhibits cytochrome oxidase thus impairing cellular respiration. It may cause symptoms similar to cyanide poisoning (see acute ingestion for symptoms). May affect the kidneys. It may affect the urinary system. It may affect respiration (anoxia, hypoxia, respiratory insufficiency, respiratory arrest). It may affect the cardiovascular system (hypotension, cardiac arrhythmias, cardiac arrest). Other symptoms of acute inhalation may include flushing of the face, sweating, weakness, chest pain/chest tightness, vomiting of blood, convulsions, shock, unconsciousness, coma/excitement alternating with coma. May cause corneal opacity.		
Ingestion	Harmful if swallowed. Ingestion may cause nausea, vomiting. May cause flushing of the face. May cause hematemesis. Ingestion may cause symptoms similar to cyanide poisoning. It may be metabolized to cyanide which inhibits cytochrome oxidase thus impairing cellular respiration. Cyanide poisoning is characterized by central nervous system, cardiovascular system, and respiratory system effects such as general weakness, giddiness, confusion, sleepiness, headache, dizziness, vertigo, seizures, ataxia, tetany, irritability, stupor, anxiety, hallucinations, agitation, tremors, unconciouness, coma, palpitations, cardiac arrhythmias, slow or rapid heartbeat, hypertension or hypotension, perceived breathing difficulty and shortness of breath, hyperventilation, asphyxiation/respiratory failure. Other symptoms may include excitement, chest pain, chest tightness, anoxia, hypoxia, shortness of breath, cardiac arrest. May cause metabolic acidosis. May cause lactic acidosis.		
Aspiration hazard	No information available.		
Delayed and immediat	e effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure		
Chronic Toxicity	Prolonged or repeated inhalation may cause loss of appetite. Prolonged or repeated ingestion may cause loss of appetite. Repeated or prolonged ingestion may affect the blood. Prolonged or repeated ingestion may affect the kidneys. Prolonged or repeated ingestion may affect the liver. Prolonged or repeated inhalation may affect the liver. Prolonged or repeated inhalation may affect the liver. Prolonged or repeated inhalation may affect the blood or repeated ingestion may affect the the kidneys. Prolonged or repeated ingestion may affect the thyroid (hyperplasia/enlargment). Prolonged or repeated inhalation may affect the blood (changes in red blood cell count). Prolonged or repeated inhalation may cause central nervous system effects.		
Sensitization:	No information available.		
Mutagenic Effects:	May affect genetic material Sister Chromatid Exchange: Hamster ovary (RTECS)		
Carcinogenic effects:	Not classifiable as a human carcinogen. May cause cancer based on animal test data. Equivocal tumorigenic agent by RTECS criteria.		
Component	CAS No IARC ACGIH - NTP OSHA HCS - Australia - Australia - Carcinogens Carcinogens Substances Substances		

Acetonitrile	75-05-8	Not listed	A4 Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen	Not listed	Not listed	Not listed	Not listed
ACGIH (American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists) A4 - Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer)							
NTP (National Toxicology	NTP (National Toxicology Program)						
OSHA (Occupational Sat	fety and Health	Administration of	f the US Departm	nent of Labor)			
Reproductive toxicity	-	No data is av	ailable				
Reproductive Effects: Developmental Effects		No informatio No informatio					

Specific Target Organ Toxicity

Teratogenic Effects:

STOT - single exposure	No information available.
STOT - repeated exposure	No information available.
Target Organs:	Blood. Liver. Kidneys. Central nervous system. Respiratory system. Lungs. Thyroid.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Showed teratogenic effects in animal experiments

May cause birth defects (teratogenic effects) based on animal test data

Ecotoxicity

Ecotoxicity effects:	Aquatic environment.
Acetonitrile - 75-05-8 Fish	LC50: 1600 - 1690mg/L (96h, Pimephales promelas) LC50: =1000mg/L (96h, Pimephales promelas) LC50: =1850mg/L (96h, Lepomis macrochirus) LC50: =1650mg/L (96h, Poecilia reticulata)
Crustacea	EC50: =5838mg/L (18h, Daphnia pulex)
Persistence and degradability:	No information available
Bioaccumulative potential:	No information available.
Mobility in soil Other adverse effects	No information available No information available.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal Methods

Waste from residues / unused products:

Waste must be disposed of in accordance with Federal, State and Local regulation.

Contaminated packaging:

Empty containers should be taken for local recycling, recovery or waste disposal

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	Component	CAS No	RCRA - F Series	RCRA - K Series	RCRA - P Series	RCRA - U Series
	P		Wastes	Wastes	Wastes	Wastes

Acetonitrile	75-05-8	None	None	None	U003 ignitable waste,
					toxic waste

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT	
UN-No:	UN1648
Proper Shipping Name:	Acetonitrile
Hazard Class Subsidiary Class	3 No information available
Packing group:	
Emergency Response Guide	127
Number	
Marine Pollutant	No data available
DOT RQ (lbs):	5000 lbs./2270 kg
Special Provisions Symbol(s):	IB2, T7, TP2 [DOT]: (R5) - Identifies a material that is a hazardous substance that has a
Cymbol(S).	reportable quantity (RQ) of 5000 pounds (2270 Kilograms).
Description:	UN1648, Acetonitrile, 3, II
TDG (Canada)	
TDG (Canada) UN-No:	UN1648
Proper Shipping Name:	Acetonitrile
Hazard Class	3
Subsidiary Risk:	No information available
Packing Group:	 Ne lefementing continue
Marine Pollutant Description:	No Information available UN1648, Acetonitrile, 3, II
Description.	
ADR	
UN Number	UN1648
Proper Shipping Name:	Acetonitrile
Transport hazard class(es) Packing group	3 II
Subsidiary Risk:	No information available
Description:	UN1648, Acetonitrile, 3, II
IMDG	
UN-No:	UN1648
Proper Shipping Name:	Acetonitrile
Hazard Class:	3
Subsidiary Risk:	No information available
Packing Group: Marine Pollutant	II No information available
EMS:	F-E
Description	UN1648, Acetonitrile, 3, II
RID UN Number	UN1648
Proper Shipping Name:	Acetonitrile
Transport hazard class(es)	3
Subsidiary Risk:	3
Packing group	 N1649_Acotopitrila_2_
Description:	UN1648, Acetonitrile, 3, II
ICAO (air)	
UN-No:	UN1648

Proper Shipping Name:	Acetonitrile
Hazard Class	3
Subsidiary Risk:	No information available
Packing Group:	II
Description:	UN1648, Acetonitrile, 3, II
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UN Number	UN1648
Proper Shipping Name:	Acetonitrile
Transport hazard class(es)	3
Subsidiary Risk:	No information available
Packing group	II
Precautionary Statements -	3L
Response	
Special Provisions	No information available
Description:	UN1648, Acetonitrile, 3, II

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

International Inventories

Component	CAS No	U.S. TSCA	KOREA KECL	Philippines (PICCS)	Japan ENCS	China IECSC	Australia (AICS)	EINECS-No.
Acetonitrile	75-05-8	PresentACTIV E	Present KE-00067	Present	Present (2)-1508	Present	Present	Present 200-835-2

U.S. Regulations

Acetonitrile

Massachusetts RTK: Present New Jersey RTK Hazardous Substance List: 0008 New Jersey (EHS) List: 0008 500 lb TPQ New Jersey - Discharge Prevention - List of Hazardous Substances: Present Pennsylvania RTK: Environmental hazard Pennsylvania RTK - Environmental Hazard List Present Minnesota - Hazardous Substance List: Present New York Release Reporting - List of Hazardous Substances: 5000 lb RQ 1 lb RQ Louisana Reportable Quantity List for Pollutants: 5000lbfinal RQ 2270kgfinal RQ California Directors List of Hazardous Substances: Present

California Prop. 65: Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986.

<u>Chemicals Known to the State of California to Cause Cancer:</u> This product does not contain a chemical requiring a warning under California Prop. 65. (See table below)

Chemicals Known to the State of California to Cause Reproductive Toxicity:

This product does not contain a chemical requiring a warning under California Prop. 65. (See table below)

Component	CAS No	Carcinogen	Developmental Toxicity	Male	Female
					Reproductive
				Toxicity	Toxicity:
Acetonitrile	75-05-8	Not Listed	Not Listed	Not Listed	Not Listed

CERCLA/SARA

Component CA	AS No	CERCLA - Hazardous	Section 302 Extremely	Section 302 Extremely	Section 313 - Chemical Category	Section 313 - Reporting
		Substances and their Reportable	Hazardous Substances	Hazardous Substances and		de minimis

		Quantities	and TPQs	RQs		
Acetonitrile	75-05-8	5000 lb final RQ	None	None	None	1.0 % de minimis
		2270 kg final RQ				concentration

U.S. TSCA

Component		TSCA Section 5(a)2 - Chemicals With Significant New Use Rules (SNURS)	TSCA 8(d) -Health and Safety Reporting
Acetonitrile	75-05-8	Not Applicable	Not Applicable

Canada

WHIMIS 2015 - GHS Classifications

WHMIS 2015 Hazard Classification Information:

Component Acetonitrile 75-05-8 (100) WHMIS 2015 Hazard Classification Flammable liquids - Category 2: H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.; Acute toxicity - Oral - Category 3: H301 Toxic if swallowed.; Acute toxicity - Dermal - Category 4: H312 Harmful in contact with skin.; Acute toxicity - Inhalation - Category 3: H331 Toxic if inhaled.; Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation - Category 2A: H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

Canada Hazardous Products Regulation This product has been classified according to the hazard criteria of the HPR (Hazardous Products Regulation) and the SDS contains all of the information required by the HPR

DSL/NDSL

Component	CAS No	Canada (DSL)	Canada (NDSL)
Acetonitrile	75-05-8	Present	Not Listed

Component	CAS No	CEPA Schedule I - Toxic Substances
Acetonitrile	75-05-8	Not listed
Component	CAS No	CEPA - 2010 Greenhouse Gases Subject to Mandatory Reporting
Acetonitrile	75-05-8	Not listed

EU Classification

EU GHS - SV - CLP 1272/2008

Component	CAS No	EU GHS - SV - CLP (1272/2008)
Acetonitrile	75-05-8	Flammable liquids - Flam. Liq. 2: H225
		Highly flammable liquid and vapour.;
		Acute toxicity - Oral - Acute Tox. 4:
		H302 Harmful if swallowed. (Minimum
		classification); Acute toxicity - Dermal -
		Acute Tox. 4: H312 Harmful in contact
		with skin. (Minimum classification);
		Acute toxicity - Inhalation - Acute Tox.
		4: H332 Harmful if inhaled. (Minimum
		classification); Serious Eye
		Damage/Eye Irritation - Eye Irrit. 2:
		H319 Causes serious eye
		irritation.608-001-00-3

EU - CLP (1272/2008)

R-phrase(s)

R11 - Highly flammable R36 - Irritating to eyes R20/21/22 - Harmful by inhalation, in contact with skin and if swallowed

S -phrase(s)

S16 - Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking S36/37 - Wear suitable protective clothing and gloves

Component	CAS No	Classification	Concentration Limits:	Safety Phrases
Acetonitrile	75-05-8	F; R11 Xn; R20/21/22 Xi; R36	No information	S2 S16 S36/37

The product is classified in accordance with Annex VI to Directive 67/548/EEC

Indication of danger:

F - Highly flammable Xn - Harmful Xi - Irritant



16. OTHER INFORMATION

Preparation Date: Revision date Prepared by: 01/01/2019 N/A

Disclaimer:

All chemicals may pose unknown hazards and should be used with caution. This Safety Data Sheet (SDS) applies only to the material as packaged. If this product is combined with other materials, deteriorates, or becomes contaminated, it may pose hazards not mentioned in this SDS. The physical properties reported in this SDS are obtained from the literature and do not constitute product specifications. Information contained herein does not constitute a warranty, whether expressed or implied, as to the safety, merchantability or fitness of the goods for a particular purpose. Dawn Scientific Inc Chemicals & Laboratory Products, assumes no responsibility for results obtained or for incidental or consequential damages, including lost profits, arising from the use of these data. No warranty against infringement of any patent, copyright or trademark is made or implied. It shall be the user's responsibility to develop proper methods of handling and personal protection based on the actual conditions of use. While this SDS is based on technical data judged to be reliable, Dawn Scientific Inc assumes no responsibility for the completeness or accuracy of the information contained herein.

End of Safety Data Sheet